

6/5/2025

Intro to Bung

Logistics: a) Next Thursday Def Theory. - Dima 2PM-3PM.
After - Wed 2PM-3PM Bung
Thur 2PM-3PM Def Theory } Weekly.

b) Bung - Sorger's "Moduli of Prime G -Bundles"
- Heinloth "Moduli Stack of V.b on Curves"

c) Recorded Talks - you can object.

d) Sign up for talk plz!

Generalities on (prin) G -bundles (G smooth linear alg group / $\mathbb{E}$). X -scheme

Def: A prin. G -bundle on $X_{\text{ét}}$ (scheme w/ étale site) is

- a) a scheme $E \xrightarrow{\pi} X$ w/ $E \cap G$, $X \cap G$ is trivial s.t. π is right G -inv.
- b) π is locally trivial wrt the topology.

$\forall p \in X$, you can find Zariski open hbd $U \ni x$ and an étale cover $U' \xrightarrow{e} U$ s.t.

$$e^* E|_U \cong U' \times_U E|_U \text{ trivial } G\text{-bundle.}$$

Rmk: G is typically smooth linear alg group so we have no need to use a stronger site like fpqc.

In the case $G = GL_n \neq X$ is a smooth curve, Zariski site is enough.

For families, it's important to use étale site.

Expl: $\text{totalspace of locally freesheaf} \xrightarrow{\quad} X_{\text{Zar}}$

$$\begin{array}{ccc} \uparrow & & \downarrow \\ U \times GL_n & \xrightarrow{\text{pr}_1} & U \ni x \end{array}$$

orthogonal group

Expl: O_r -bundle $E = GL_r$ -bundle w/ $\sigma: E \xrightarrow{\sim} E^*$.
 E on X_S can have each $E|_{X_p}$ be an O_r -bundle but E fails to be an O_r -bundle.

Bundles associated to Princ. G -Bundles (G -torsors).

Expl: $F = k^n$ dim n vector space over k .

$$G := GL(F) = GL_n(k).$$

I know $G \curvearrowright F$ in the obvious.

Suppose I give you a G -bundle E .

$$E(F) := E \times_G F = E \times F / G$$

$$\text{where } g \cdot (e, f) = (eg^{-1}, gf).$$

$E(F)$ is now a rank n vector bundle.

Conversely if V is rank n vector bundle, we get a G -bundle by

$$\text{Isom}_{\mathcal{O}_X}(\mathcal{O}_X^n, V) \quad \text{"associated frame bundle"}$$

Def: G -bundle E

$$\left\{ \begin{array}{l} F \text{ quasiproj scheme}/k, \\ G \curvearrowright F \end{array} \right\} \xrightarrow{E(-)} \left\{ \begin{array}{l} E(F) = E \times_G F \\ g(e, f) = (eg^{-1}, gf). \end{array} \right\} \quad \text{scheme.}$$

$E(F)$ "associated bundle w/ fibre F "

Extension of Structure Groups:

Let $\rho: G \rightarrow H$ morphism of alg groups. ("linear alg groups G
 $G \hookrightarrow GL_n$ ")

Given a G -bundle E , I can form an H -bundle

$$E(H) = E \times_G H \quad (\text{quotient by } g(e, f) = (e \cdot g^{-1}, \rho(g)h))$$

$$\rightsquigarrow H_{\text{et}}^1(X, G) \rightarrow H_{\text{et}}^1(X, H)$$

($H_{\text{et}}^1(X, G)$ classifies
principal G -bundle)
(Recall: $H^1(X, \mathcal{O}_X^*) = \text{Pic}(X)$
 X sep.)

Reduction of Structure Groups

If F is an H -bundle, $G \hookrightarrow H$ is closed immersion + G is alg group, then does F come from G ? i.e.

$$\begin{array}{c} \exists \text{ a } G\text{-bundle } E \text{ and an iso} \\ \tau: E(H) \xrightarrow{\sim} F \\ \parallel \\ E \times_G H \end{array}$$

Expl: Given $\mathcal{O}_X^{\oplus n}$ and view as a GL_n -bundle.
You can see that it comes from a $GL_n^{\oplus 1}$ -bundle.

Lemma: If $\rho: G \hookrightarrow H$ closed immersion and F is an H -bundle,
Exercise) then consider $H \twoheadrightarrow H/G$ and $F(H/G) := F/G$.

$\exists$ a natural bijection

$$\left\{ \begin{array}{l} \text{sections} \\ \sigma: X \rightarrow F/G \end{array} \right\} \longrightarrow \left\{ \begin{array}{l} \text{reduction of str.} \\ \text{group of } F \\ \text{from } H \text{ to } G \end{array} \right\}.$$

Review of Algebraic Stacks

Def: An **alg. stack** is a stack $\mathcal{X}/S_{\text{fppf}}$ s.t. ^{Scheme}

1) $\Delta_{\mathcal{X}}$ is representable (by alg spaces).

2) $\exists$ a smooth atlas i.e. a scheme X w/
smooth surj. map $p: X \rightarrow \mathcal{X}$.

$\mathcal{X}$ is **smooth** if it has a smooth atlas $p: X \rightarrow \mathcal{X}$
s.t. X is smooth.

$$\dim \mathcal{X} := \dim X - \dim X \times_{\mathcal{X}, p} X \quad \begin{array}{ccc} X \times X & \rightarrow & X \\ p, \mathcal{X}, p & \searrow & \downarrow p \\ & \square & \\ X & \xrightarrow{p} & \mathcal{X} \end{array}$$

Expl: $BGL_n = [*/GL_n]$

$$\dim BGL_n = -\dim GL_n = -n^2.$$

Goal (short term).

Theorem: X a smooth alg curve, G reductive group
 $\text{Bun}_G(X)$ — stack of princ. G -bundles

Then

- 1) $\text{Bun}_G(X)$ is an algebraic stack
- 2) $\text{Bun}_G(X)$ is smooth
- 3) $\dim \text{Bun}_G(X) = (g(X) - 1) \cdot \dim G$.

Ex: $\text{Bun}_{GL_1}^0 C \cong \text{Pic}_{GL_1}^0 C \times BGL_m$ (C has genus 0)
 $\cong \{*\} \times BGL_m \quad \leftarrow \text{has dim } 0 + (-1) = -1.$

Formula $(0 - 1) \cdot 1 = -1.$



Long Term Goals (?):

1) Compute line bundles on $\text{Bun}_G(X)$ —
(when G is simple).

2) What is the cohomology of $\text{Bun}_G(X)$ —
($H^*(\text{Bun}_G(X), \mathbb{Q}_\ell)$).

Wednesday.

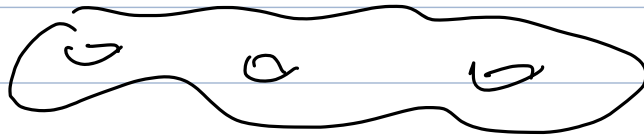
In 2 weeks:

- discuss topological side..
- Work out examples (e.g. $\text{Bun}_{GL_2}(\mathbb{P}^1)$)
- $\text{Bun}_{GL_2}^{ss}(\mathbb{P}^1)$
- $\text{Bun}_{GL_2}^{ss}(E)$ E elliptic curve..

What's the
Topological Classification of G -bundles?

$$M_6^{\text{top}}(X) \cong \pi_1(G) \stackrel{G = \text{GL}_n}{=} \mathbb{Z}$$

X



$c_1(E)$ analg. geo.