## MORE FUNCTIONAL EQUATIONS (02/22/23)

## 1. Leftover problems from last time

Unless stated otherwise, 'functions' means functions of one (real) variable.

**1.** (Putnam'00) Let f(x) be a continuous function such that  $f(2x^2 - 1) = 2xf(x)$  for all x. Show that f(x) = 0 for all  $-1 \le x \le 1$ .

**2.** Find all functions f(x) such that  $f(\frac{x+y}{2}) + f(x) + f(y) = x + y$ .

**3.** f(x, y) is a function on the plane. It has the following property: the sum of its values in the vertices of any square is equal to zero. Show that f = 0.

2. And a few more (from actual competitions)

4. Find polynomials f(x), g(x), and h(x) such that

$$|f(x)| - |g(x)| + h(x) = \begin{cases} -1, & x < -1\\ 3x + 2, & -1 \le x \le 0\\ -2x + 2, & x > 0. \end{cases}$$

Can you prove your solution is unique?

**5.** Let  $f : \mathbb{R} \to \mathbb{R}$  satisfy the functional equation:

$$f(x+1) = 1/2 + \sqrt{f(x) - f(x)^2}.$$

Prove that f is periodic, and give an example of a non-constant f satisfying the equation.

**6.** Show that there exists a unique function f(x) defined for x > 0 such that f(x) > 0 and

$$f(f(x)) = 6x - f(x).$$

3. If you are getting bored of this type of problems

7. A function f has continuous third derivative on  $\mathbb{R}$ . Prove that there exists a point where

$$f(x) \cdot f'(x) \cdot f''(x) \cdot f'''(x) \ge 0.$$

4. Something to think about (or to discuss, time permitting

What is actually going on in problems 6 and 3?